

Template periodic disclosure for the financial products referred to in Article 8, paragraphs 1, 2 and 2a, of Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 and Article 6, first paragraph, of Regulation (EU) 2020/852

Product name: Ofi Invest Euro High Yield Legal entity identifier: 969500B8I8H2B95Z6E71

Environmental and/or social characteristics

Sustainable

investment means an investment in an economic activity that contributes to an environmental or social objective, provided that the investment does not significantly harm any environmental or social objective and that the investee companies follow good governance practices.

Did this financial product have a sustainable investment objective?					
•• 🗆 Yes	^{●●} ⊠ No				
It made sustainable investments with an environmental objective:%	■ It promoted Environmental/Social (E/S) characteristics and while it did not have as its objective a sustainable investment, it had a proportion of 47.69% of sustainable investments				
☐ in economic activities that qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy	with an environmental objective in economic activities that qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy				
in economic activities that do not qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy	☑ with an environmental objective in economic activities that do not qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy				
	☑ with a social objective				
It made sustainable investments with a social objective:%	It promoted E/S characteristics, but did not make any sustainable investments				



Sustainability indicators measure how the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product are attained.

To what extent were the environmental and/or social characteristics promoted by this financial product met?

The Ofi Invest Euro High Yield Fund (hereinafter the "Fund") promotes environmental and social characteristics through a proprietary ESG rating methodology and, while it did not have a sustainable investment as its objective, as at 31 March 2025, it had a proportion of 47.69% of sustainable investments.

The Management Company relies on the internal ESG rating methodology in order to assess the environmental, social and governance practices of the issuers.

The themes taken into account in reviewing good ESG practices are:

- Environmental: Climate change Natural resources Project financing Toxic waste Green products.
- Social: Human capital Societal Products and services Communities and human rights
- Governance: Governance structure Market behaviour

The Fund implements a "rating improvement" approach and therefore commits to ensuring that the average ESG score of the portfolio is higher than the average ESG score of the comparison SRI universe made up of issuers of the Bank Of America Merrill Lynch Euro Non-Financial Fixed & Floating Rate High.





Yield (HEAE) index, which the Management Company believes is suitable for the purposes of comparing the Fund's ESG score based on its strategy.

The SRI comparison universe is the same as the Fund's reference benchmark.

How did the sustainability indicators perform?

As at 31 March 2025, the performance of the sustainability indicators used to measure attainment of the Fund's environmental and social characteristics is as follows:

- The Fund's average ESG score: The Fund's average ESG score was 6.22 out of 10;
- The average ESG score of the Fund's SRI universe: The average ESG score of the Fund's SRI universe was 5.87 out of 10;
- The proportion of sustainable investment made by the Fund: The Fund invested 47.69% of its net assets in securities that meet the Ofi Invest AM definition of sustainable investment.

Monitoring of the indicators, as mentioned previously, in management tools provides confirmation that there were no significant variations in the performance of the indicators throughout the reporting period in question, between 1 April 2024 and 31 March 2025.

For more information on these sustainability indicators and their calculation method, please refer to the Fund's prospectus and pre-contractual disclosure.

...and compared to previous periods?

As at 28 March 2024, the performance of the sustainability indicators used to measure attainment of the Fund's environmental and social characteristics is as follows:

- SRI score: the combined SRI score for the portfolio is 3.05 out of 5 and the SRI score for its reference benchmark is 2.01;
- The percentage of excluded companies belonging to the "Under Supervision" category: 0%;
- The percentage of excluded issues belonging to the "high risk" or "risk" category for sectors with high greenhouse gas emissions (as defined by the EET matrix): 1.46%.

In addition, under the French SRI Label awarded to the Fund, of the four E, S, G and Human Rights indicators, the following two ESG indicators were also selected:

- Financed emissions on Scopes 1 and 2: financed emissions on Scopes 1 and 2 represent 67.82 tonnes of CO2 equivalent per million euros in turnover compared to its SRI universe, of which financed emissions represent 149.97 tonnes of CO2 equivalent per million euros in turnover;
- The proportion of issuers that are the subject of controversies that are deemed to violate at least one of the Ten Principles of the UN Global Compact: the proportion forming the subject of controversies is 0%, compared to its universe, of which the proportion is 1.09%.

Monitoring of the indicators, mentioned previously, in management tools allows confirmation that there were no significant variations in the performance of the indicators throughout the reporting period in question, between 1 April 2023 and 28 March 2024.

What were the objectives of the sustainable investments that the financial product partially made and how did the sustainable investment contribute to such objectives?

The Fund committed to holding at least 11% of its net assets in securities that meet the Ofi Invest AM definition of sustainable investment.

Therefore, as indicated above, the Fund holds 47.69% of its net assets in issuers contributing to a sustainable investment objective.





This means that these issuers:

- Made a positive contribution to or benefitted the environment and/or society;
 - Did no significant harm;
 - Applied good governance.

All of the filters and indicators used in order to define sustainable investment are detailed in our responsible investment policy, which is available on our website at https://www.ofi-investment-policy.pdf

These filters are configured in our management tool and ensured by providing the ESG indicators required.

How did the sustainable investments that the financial product partially made not cause significant harm to any environmental or social sustainable investment objective?

In order to ensure that the issuers being reviewed did no significant harm (DNSH) with regard to sustainability, Ofi Invest AM verified that these issuers

- Were not exposed to principal adverse impacts (PAIs): 4, 10 and 14
- Were not exposed to activities that are controversial or deemed sensitive in terms of sustainability
- Were not the subject of controversies deemed to be very severe

These filters are configured in our management tool and ensured by providing the ESG indicators required.

- Were sustainable investments aligned with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises and the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights? Details:

In order to ensure that issuers defined as sustainable investments held in the Fund are aligned with the OECD guidelines and the UN Guiding Principles, Ofi Invest AM has made sure that these issuers:

- Are not exposed to controversial weapons, such as anti-personnel mines, cluster munitions, chemical weapons and biological weapons (PAI indicator 14);
- Do not violate UN Global Compact principles and Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD) Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises (PAI indicator 10).

These filters are configured in our management tool and ensured by providing the ESG indicators required.

The EU Taxonomy sets out a "do not significant harm" principle by which Taxonomy-aligned investments should not significantly harm EU Taxonomy objectives and is accompanied by specific Union criteria.

The "do no significant harm" principle applies only to those investments underlying the financial product that take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. The investments underlying the remaining portion of this financial product do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.

Any other sustainable investments must also not significantly harm any environmental or social objectives.

Principal adverse impacts are the most significant negative impacts of investment decisions on sustainability factors relating to environmental, social and employee matters, respect for human rights, anti-corruption and anti-bribery matters.







How did this financial product consider principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors?

The methods of assessment by the Management Company of investee companies, for each of the principal adverse impacts linked to sustainability factors, are as follows:

Adverse i	mpact indicator	Metric		Impact [year n]	Impact [year n-1]	Explanation	Actions taken, and actions planned and targets set for the next reference period		
	Climate and other environment-related indicators								
Greenhouse gas emissions	1. GHG emissions	Scope 1 emissions	GHG	25,628.38 t CO2e	4,184.86 t CO2e		ESC rating 1 thank		
				Coverage rate = 62.62%	Coverage rate = 54.27%		ESG rating ^{1:} these indicators are taken into account in the analysis of the issues: "Carbon emissions		
		Scope 2	GHG	7,909.98 t CO2e	1,343.54 t CO2e		from the production process" and - "GHG emissions		
		emissions	вно	Coverage rate = 62.62%	Coverage rate = 54.27%		related to upstream and downstream production" Analysis of controversies on		
		Scope 3	GHG	193,957.87 t CO2e	40,381.63 tCO2e	Adjustment of the aggregatio	these issues; Engagement Policy on the climate aspect;		
		emissions	GIIG	Coverage rate = 62.62%	Coverage rate = 54.27%	n formula of PAI 1 in accordance with Annex I of the SFDR	Say on Climate Voting Policy; Coal/oil and gas sector-based exclusion policies		
				227,496.24 (tCO2e	45,910.03 t CO2e		Indicator of emissions financed (Scope 1 and 2) monitored for funds		
		Total emissions	GHG	Coverage rate = 62.62%	Coverage rate = 54.27%	Please refer to the "Statement on Principal Adverse Impacts of Investment Decisions on Sustainability Factors", which is available on the Manageme nt Company's website	eligible for the SRI label; <u>Additional</u> <u>measures defined in</u> <u>2025;</u> Delivery of tools to management to steer the climate trajectory for each portfolio. Implementation of a credibility score for transition plans in order to correct the declared trajectory. Convergence of funds' ESG monitoring indicators with principal adverse impacts (PAIs).		
							Strengthening of thresholds on exclusions based on coal and oil and gas policies.		
				683.42 (tCO2e/million EUR)	891.28 (tCO2e/million EUR)	Please refer to the "Statement on Principal	Commitment policy on the climate aspect.		
2. Carbon footprint	Carbon footp (Scope 1, 2 GHG / emissions)		Coverage rate = 62.62%	Coverage rate = 54.27%	Adverse Impacts of Investment Decisions on Sustainability Factors", which is available on the Manageme nt Company's website	Say-on-Climate Voting Policy. <u>Additional</u> <u>2025:</u> convergence of the funds' ESG monitoring indicators with principal adverse impacts (PAIs)			

¹ The ESG rating relies on a sector-based approach. The issues under review and their number differ from one sector to another. For more details on this approach, see section entitled "Identification and prioritisation of principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors"



	3. GHG intensity of investee companies	GHG intensity of investee companies (Scope 1, 2 and 3 GHG emissions / revenue)	743.44 (t CO2/million EUR)	867.91 (t CO2/million EUR)		ESG rating: these indicators are taken into account in the analysis of the issues: "GHG emissions from the production process" and "GHG emissions related to upstream and downstream production"; Engagement Policy on the climate aspect. Say-on-Climate Voting Policy. <u>Additional</u> <u>measures defined in</u> <u>2025</u> ; convergence of the funds' ESG monitoring indicators with principal adverse impacts (PAIs).
			Coverage rate = 62.62%	Coverage rate = 54.27%		
			4%	4.33%		Coal/oil and gas sector-based exclusion policies. Commitment policy on the climate
	4. Exposure to in companies active in co the fossil fuel sector in	Share of investments in companies active in the fossil fuel sector	Coverage rate = 74.44%	Coverage rate = 66.74%	Please refer to the "Statement on Principal Adverse Impacts of Investment Decisions on Sustainability Factors", which is available on the Manageme nt Company's website	Additional measures defined in 2025: convergence of the funds' ESG monitoring indicators with principal adverse impacts (PAIs).
	5. Share of non-renewable energy consumption and production 5. Share of non-renewable energy production or consumption and production companies from non-renewable energy sources compared to renewable energy sources, expressed as a percentage of total energy sources	non-renewable energy consumption and non-renewable	Share of non-renewable energy consumed = 71.10% Coverage rate = 59.69%	Share of non-renewable energy consumed = 66.48% Coverage rate = 52.31%		ESG rating: these indicators are taken into account in the analysis of the issues: "GHG emissions from the production process" and "Opportunities in green technologies";
		of investee companies from non-renewable energy sources compared to renewable energy	Share of non-renewable energy produced = 40.56%	Share of non-renewable energy produced = 50.73%		Analysis of controversies on this issue; Potentially: Commitment policy on the climate
		Coverage rate = 18.68%	Coverage rate = 10.24%		aspect. <u>Additional</u> <u>measures defined in</u> <u>2025:</u> convergence of the funds' ESG monitoring indicators with principal adverse impacts (PAIs).	
	6. Energy consumption intensity per high impact climate sector	Energy consumption in GWh per million EUR of revenue of investee	1.20 (GWh/million EUR)	1.57 (GWh/million EUR)	Please refer to the "Statement on Principal Adverse Impacts of	ESG rating: these indicators are taken into account in the analysis of the issues: "GHG





		companies, per high impact climate sector	Coverage rate = 63.53%	Coverage rate = 62.44%	Investment Decisions on Sustainability Factors", which is available on the Manageme nt Company's website	emissions from the production process" and "Opportunities in green technologies"; Potentially: Commitment policy on the climate aspect. <u>Additional</u> <u>measures defined in</u> <u>2026:</u> convergence of the funds' ESG monitoring indicators with principal adverse impacts (PAIs).
Biodiversity	7. Activities negatively affecting biodiversity-sensitive areas	Share of investments in investee companies with sites/operations located in or near to biodiversity-sensiti ve areas where activities of those investee companies negatively affect those areas	0.01%	0.41%		ESG rating: these indicators are taken into account in the analysis of the issues: "biodiversity"; Analysis of controversies on this issue; Commitment policy on the climate aspect; Biodiversity protection policy with the adoption of a sector-based policy on palm oil.
			Coverage rate = 67.10%	Coverage rate = 56.93%		Additional measures defined in 2025: Exclusion and engagement strategy for biocides and hazardous chemicals (applicable in 2024); Convergence of funds' ESG monitoring indicators with principal adverse impacts (PAIs).
Water	8. Emissions to water	Tonnes of emissions to water generated by investee companies per million EUR invested,	1,824.34 (tonnes)	1,698.38 (tonnes)	Adjustment	ESG rating: these indicators are taken into account in the analysis of the issues: "Impact of activity on water"; Analysis of controversies on this issue. <u>Additional</u> measures defined in
		expressed as a weighted average	Coverage rate = 5.15%		the aggregatio n formula of PAI 8 and PAI 9 in accordance with Annex I of the SFDR.	2025: convergence of the funds' ESG monitoring indicators with principal adverse impacts (PAIs).
			1,060.63 (tonnes)	Coverage rate = 6.81%	Please refer to the "Statement on Principal Adverse Impacts of Investment	ESG rating: these indicators are taken into account in the analysis of the issues: - "toxic waste"; - "packaging
Waste	9. Hazardous waste and radioactive waste ratio	Tonnes of hazardous waste and radioactive waste generated by investee companies per million EUR invested, expressed as a weighted average	Coverage rate = 37.94%	53,303.46 (tonnes)	Decisions on Sustainability Factors", which is available on the Manageme nt Company's website.	waste and recycling"; - "electronic waste and recycling" if deemed material. Analysis of controversies on these issues. <u>Additional</u> <u>measures defined in</u> <u>2025:</u> convergence of the funds' ESG monitoring indicators with principal adverse impacts (PAIs).





Indicators for social and employee, respect for human rights, anti-corruption and anti-bribery matters							
Social and employee matters	10. Violations of UN Global Compact principles and Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD) Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises	Share of investments in investee companies that have been involved in violations of the UNGC principles or OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises	0%	0%	Please refer to the "Statement on Principal Adverse Impacts of Investment Decisions on Sustainability Factors", which is available on the Manageme nt Company's website.	Regulatory exclusion policy based on the Global Compact; Social engagement policy (linked to exclusion policy based on the Global Compact); Analysis of controversies on ESG-related issues as a whole with regard to the OECD Guiding Principles, including issues relating to the OECD Guiding Principles, including issues relating to the Ten Principles of the Global Compact on human rights, employment rights, employment rights, environmental respect and anti-corruption/busi ness ethics; Indicator monitored for funds eligible for the SRI label. <u>Additional measures defined in 2025;</u> Convergence of funds' ESG monitoring indicators with principal adverse impacts (PAIs).	
			Coverage rate = 92.52%	Coverage rate = 94.00%			
			0.38%	0.38%		Regulatory exclusion policy based on the Global Compact. Social engagement policy (linked to exclusion policy based on the Global	
	11. Lack of processes and compliance mechanisms to monitor compliance with UN Global Compact principles and OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises	Share of investments in investee companies without policies to monitor compliance with the UNGC principles or OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises or grievance/complain ts handling mechanisms to address violations of the UNGC principles or OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises	Coverage rate = 63.55%	Coverage rate = 67.06%		Compact). Analysis of controversies on ESG-related issues as a whole with regard to the OECD Guiding Principles, including issues relating to the Ten Principles of the Global Compact on human rights, labour rights, environmental respect and anti-corruption/busi ness ethics. <u>Additional</u> <u>measures defined in</u> <u>2025</u> : Convergence of funds'ESG monitoring indicators with principal adverse impacts (PAIs).	
			0.08%	0.09%	Please refer to the "Statement on Principal	Analysis of controversies, in particular based on gender-based	
	12. Unadjusted gender pay gap	Average unadjusted gender pay gap of investee companies	Coverage rate = 28.34%	Coverage rate = 22.76%	Adverse Impacts of Investment Decisions on Sustainability Factors", which is available on the Manageme nt Company's website	discrimination at work. <u>Additional</u> <u>measures defined in</u> <u>2025:</u> Convergence of funds' ESG monitoring indicators with principal adverse impacts (PAIs).	



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	female to male board members in 13. Board gender diversity expressed as a percentage of all	board members in investee companies,	33.70%	Gender diversity = 37.00%		ESG rating: these indicators are taken into account in the analysis of the issues: "composition and functioning of the Board of Directors"; Engagement Policy, on commitments upstream of AGMs Voting policy, minimum female representation on the Board established at 40%. Indicator monitored
			Coverage rate = 62.82%	Coverage rate = 66.02%		for funds eligible for the SRI label. <u>Additional</u> <u>measures defined in</u> <u>2025:</u> Convergence of funds' ESG monitoring indicators with principal adverse impacts (PAIs).
	14. Exposure to controversial weapons (anti-personnel mines, cluster munitions, chemical weapons and biological weapons)	Share of	0%	0%		Exclusion policy on controversial weapons concerning 9 types of weapon, of which anti-personnel mines, cluster
	investee compani involved the manu selling controve	companies involved in the manufacture or	Coverage rate = 90.64%	Coverage rate = 90.64%		Munitions, chemical weapons and biological weapons. <u>Additional</u> <u>measures defined in</u> <u>2025:</u> Convergence of funds' ESG monitoring indicators with principal adverse impacts (PAIs).
	Ado	litional indicators for so	cial and environn	nental issues		
			0%	1%	Please refer to the "Statement on Principal	Convergence of funds' ESG monitoring
Water, waste and material emissions	Investments in companies producing chemicals	Share of investments in companies producing chemicals	Coverage rate = 74.44%	Coverage rate = 66.74%	Adverse Impacts of Investment Decisions on Sustainability Factors", which is available on the Manageme nt Company's website	indicators with principal adverse impacts (PAIs). Implementation of an exclusion and Engagement Policy for biocides and hazardous chemicals (applicable in 2024)
Anti-corruption and anti-bribery	Cases of insufficient action taken to address breaches of standards of anti-corruption and anti-bribery	Share of investments in investee companies with identified insufficiencies in actions taken to address breaches in procedures and standards of anti-corruption and anti-biogr	0%	2.16%		ESG rating: these indicators are taken into account in the analysis of the issues: "Business Practices" Analysis of controversies on this issue Social engagement policy (linked to the exclusion policy in the event of controversies linked to Principle 10 of the Global Compact).
	nation, please refer	anti-bribery	Coverage rate = 73.54%	Coverage rate = 76.85%	poto of lower	<u>Additional</u> <u>measures defined in</u> <u>2025</u> ; Convergence of funds' ESG monitoring indicators with principal adverse impacts (PAIs).

For more information, please refer to the "Statement on Principal Adverse Impacts of Investment Decisions on Sustainability Factors", which can be found on the Management Company's website: <u>https://www.ofi-invest-am.com/en/sustainable-finance</u>.



What were the top investments of this financial product?



The list includes the investments constituting the greatest proportion of investments of the financial product during the reference period which is:



Asset allocation describes the share of investments in specific assets. As at 31 March 2025, the Fund's top investments are as follows:

Assets	Weighting	Country	Sector
FORVIA SE RegS	2 1%	France	Consumer discretionary
OFI INVEST ESG LIQUIDITES C/D	1.9%	France	
TELEFONICA EUROPE BV RegS	1.2%	Spain	Telecommunication services
LOXAM SAS RegS	1.2%	France	Industry
UNITED GROUP BV RegS	1.1%	Slovenia	Telecommunication services
PLT VII FINANCE SARL RegS	1.1%	Luxembourg	Telecommunication services
ELECTRICITE DE FRANCE SA RegS	1.0%	France	Utilities
OI EUROPEAN GROUP BV RegS	1.0%	United States	Materials
VODAFONE GROUP PLC RegS	1.0%	United Kingdom	Telecommunication services
CIRSA FINANCE INTERNATIONAL SARL RegS	1.0%	Spain	Consumer discretionary
VOLKSWAGEN INTERNATIONAL FIN PNC9 RegS	1.0%	Germany	Consumer discretionary
TK ELEVATOR HOLDCO GMBH RegS	1.0%	Germany	Industry
AROUNDTOWN FINANCE SARL RegS	1.0%	Germany	Finance
GRUENENTHAL GMBH RegS	0.9%	Germany	Health
ILIAD HOLDING SAS RegS	0.9%	France	Telecommunication services

What was the proportion of sustainability-related investments?

• What was the asset allocation?





As at 31 March 2025, at least **92.16%** of the Fund's net assets are made up of investments contributing to the promotion of environmental and social characteristics (#1 Aligned with E/S characteristics).

The Fund has 7.84% of its net assets in component #2 Other. This category is made up of:

- 0.36% in cash;
- -2.03% in derivatives;
- 9.51% in securities or portfolio securities without an ESG score.

The Fund therefore complied with the expected asset allocation:

- A minimum of 80% of the Fund's net assets belonging to the category #1 Aligned with E/S characteristics;
- A maximum of 20% of the investments belonging to component #2 Other, including a maximum of 10% in securities or stocks that do not have an ESG score and a maximum of 10% in liquid assets and derivatives.



#1 Aligned with E/S characteristics includes the investments of the financial product used to attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

#1 Aligned with E/S characteristics includes:

- The sub-category #1A Sustainable covers environmentally and socially sustainable investments.
- The sub-category **#1B Other E/S characteristics** covers investments aligned with the environmental or social characteristics that do not qualify as sustainable investments.

#2 Other includes the remaining investments of the financial product which are neither aligned with the environmental or social characteristics, nor are qualified as sustainable investments.

In which economic sectors were the investments made?

As at 31 March 2025, the sector-based breakdown of assets invested is as follows:

Sectors	
Consumer discretionary	18.9%
Telecommunication services	17.2%
Industry	16.6%
Health	10.9%
Materials	9.0%
Utilities	7.1%
Real Estate	6.5%
Healthcare	6.4%
Other	2.4%
Information technology	2.0%
Finance	1.6%
Oil and gas	1.3%

To comply with the EU Taxonomy, the criteria for **fossil gas** include limitations on emissions and switching to fully renewable power or low-carbon fuels by the end of 2035. For **nuclear energy**, the criteria include comprehensive safety and waste management rules.

Enabling activities directly enable other activities to make a substantial contribution to an environmental objective.

Transitional activities

are activities for which low-carbon alternatives are not yet available and among others have greenhouse gas emission levels corresponding to the best performance.





To what extent were the sustainable investments with an environmental objective aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

As at 31 March 2025, the share of sustainable investments with an environmental objective aligned with the EU Taxonomy in the portfolio is zero.

• Did the financial product invest in fossil gas and/or nuclear energy related activities complying with the EU Taxonomy²?

□ Yes

- In fossil gas
- □ In nuclear energy

🛛 No

The graphs below show in green the percentage of investments that were aligned with the EU Taxonomy. As there is no appropriate methodology to determine the taxonomy-alignment of sovereign bonds^{*}, the first graph shows the Taxonomy alignment in relation to all the investments of the financial product including sovereign bonds, while the second graph shows the Taxonomy alignment only in relation to the investments of the financial product other than sovereign bonds.



* For the purpose of these graphs, 'sovereign bonds' consist of all sovereign exposures.

What was the share of investments made in transitional and enabling activities?

As at 31 March 2025, the share of investments in transitional and enabling activities in the portfolio is nil.

• How did the percentage of investments that were aligned with the EU Taxonomy compare with previous reference periods?

As at 31 March 2025, the share of investments that were aligned with the EU Taxonomy remains zero.

Taxonomy-aligned activities are expressed as a share of: - turnover reflecting the share of revenue from green activities of investee companies. - capital expenditure (CapEx) showing the areen investments made by investee companies, e.g. for a transition to a green economy. - operational expenditure (OpEx) reflecting green operational activities of investee companies.



² Fossil gas and/or nuclear related activities will only comply with the EU Taxonomy where they contribute to limiting climate change ("climate change mitigation") and do not significantly harm any EU Taxonomy objective - see explanatory note in the left hand margin. The full criteria for fossil gas and nuclear energy economic activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy are laid down in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2022/1214.



are sustainable investments with an environmental objective that **do not take into account the criteria** for environmentally sustainable economic activities under Regulation (EU) 2020/852.



What was the minimum share of sustainable investments with an environmental objective not aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

The share of sustainable investments with an environmental objective which were not aligned with the EU Taxonomy was **47.69**%.

What was the share of socially sustainable investments?

Not applicable.



What investments were included under "other", what was their purpose and were there any minimum environmental or social safeguards?

These investments, which were only made in specific situations, consisted of:

- cash;
- derivatives;
- securities that do not have an ESG score.

Although this category does not have an ESG score and no minimum environmental and social guarantees were implemented, its use did not have the effect of significantly or permanently distorting the environmental and/or social characteristics promoted by the Fund.

What actions have been taken to meet the environmental and/or social characteristics during the reference period?

In order to meet the environmental and/or social characteristics during the reference period, all ESG data were made available to managers in the management tools, and the various ESG requirements were configured and tracked in these same tools.

How did this financial product perform compared with the reference benchmark?

The SRI comparison universe of this financial product includes the securities that make up the Bank Of America Merrill Lynch Euro Non-Financial Fixed & Floating Rate High Yield Index, which is the same as the Fund's reference benchmark.

How does the reference benchmark differ from a broad market index?

Not applicable.

• How did this financial product perform with regard to the sustainability indicators to determine the alignment of the reference benchmark with the environmental or social characteristics promoted?

Not applicable.

How did this financial product perform compared with the reference benchmark?

Not applicable.

How did this financial product perform compared with the broad market index?

Not applicable.





Reference benchmarks are indexes to measure whether the financial product attains the environmental or social characteristics that they promote.